

U ZHUN-ZHUY [Wu Jung-jui]; ROGOVIN, Z. A.; KONKIN, A. A.

Grafting of polyacrylonitrile and polyvinyl acetate to polypropylene fibers. Khim. volok. no.6:11-14 '62.
(MIRA 16:1)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

(Acrylonitrile) (Vinyl acetate polymers)
(Propene) (Textile fibers, Synthetic)

KONKIN, A.A., doktor tekhn.nauk; KUDRYAVTSEV, G.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Latest developments in the field of synthetic fibers. Zhur.VKHO
7 no.2:180-186 '62. (MIRA 15:4)
(Textile fibers, Synthetic)

L 17482-63 EMP(j)/EPF(c)/EMI(m)/BDS ASD Pc-4/Pr-4 RM/WW

ACCESSION NR: AP3004758

S/0183/63/000/004/0012/0014

AUTHORS: Kol'k, A. R.; Konkin, A. A.; Rogovin, Z. A.

TITLE: Synthesis of acrylonitrile and metacrolein copolymers

SOURCE: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 4, 1963, 12-14

TOPIC TAGS: copolymerization, acrylonitrile, metacrolein,
nitrogen, Kjeldahl method, N

ABSTRACT: Authors studied the process of copolymerization of acrylonitrile with metacrolein copolymer. The reaction was carried out in an aqueous solution in the presence of an oxidation-reduction system and it was intended for the preparation of a new acrylonitrile copolymer which contains aldehyde groups capable of reacting. The copolymerization constants of acrylonitrile with metacrolein have been determined. It was shown that, in the copolymerization of the above monomers, acrylonitrile is less reactive than metacrolein. The composition of the copolymer was determined by its nitrogen content by the Kjeldahl

Card 1/2

L 17482-63

ACCESSION NR: AF3004758

method. Preliminary data show that the copolymer contains
5 to 8% metacrolein. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: MTI (Moscow technical institute)

SUBMITTED: 22Nov62

DATE ACQ: 20Aug63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 006

Card

2/2

DRUZHININA, T.V.; KONKIN, A.A.; VINOGRADOV, G.V.

Viscosity of polyethylene melts. Khim.volok. no.1:25-29 '63.
(MIRA 16:2)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (for Druzhinina, Konkin).
2. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR (for Vinogradov).
(Polyethylene) (Viscosity)

DRUZHININA, T.V.; ANDRICHENKO, Yu.D.; KONKIN, A.A.; ROGOVIN, Z.A.

Fibers manufactured from ethylene and propylene copolymers.
Khim. volok. no.3:15-18 '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.
(Textile fibers, Synthetic)
(Ethylene polymers)

SERKOV, A.T.; CHERKASOVA, Ye.V.; KONKIN, A.A.; POKROVSKIY, V.N.

Effect of some factors on the formation process of the filament streams in the outflow of viscose. Khim. volok. no.3:32-37 '63.
(MIRA 16:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna (for Serkov, Cherkasova).
2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkina).
3. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut steklyanogo volokna (for Pokrovskiy).
(Rayon)

U ZHUN-ZHUY [Wu Jung-ju]; STASYUK, Kh.A.; KOCHERGINSKAYA, L.A.;
ROZENBLYUM, N.D.; KONKIN, A.A.; ROGOVIN, Z.A.

Radiation grafting of vinyl monomers to polyolefin fibers. Khim.
volok. no.5:12-15 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

SERKOV, A.T.; KONKIN, A.A.; KOTOMINA, I.N.; BUDNITSKIY, G.A.

Formation of the supermolecular structure of viscose fibers
during spinning. *Khim. volok.* no.5:40-45 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Gosudarstvennyy komitet khimicheskoy i neftyanoy promyshlennosti
pri Gosplane SSSR (for Serkov). 2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut
(for Konkin). 3. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
iskusstvennogo volokna (for Kotomina, Budnitskiy).

ACCESSION NR: AT4017417

S/0000/63/000/000/0186/0191

AUTHOR: Movsum-Zade, A. A.; Livshits, R. M.; Rogovin, Z. A.; Konkin, A. A.

TITLE: Synthesis of grafted copolymers of cellulose and polybutylacrylate.

SOURCE: Tsellyuloza i yeye proizvodnyye, sbornik statey (Cellulose and its derivatives). Moscow, 1963, 186-191

TOPIC TAGS: cellulose, cellulose copolymer, grafted copolymer, polybutylacrylate, copolymerization, polymerization catalyst

ABSTRACT: $Ce(NH_4)_2(NO_3)_6$ was used as the catalyst, the quaternary ammonium salt of diethylaminomethyldodecyl ester (alkalon D) as the emulsifier and cotton cellulose, hydrated cellulose and butylacrylate as the materials in a synthesis of grafted polymers which, depending on the emulsifier concentration, Ce^{4+} concentration, pH of the medium and temperature, yielded products containing 51-94% cellulose and 6-48% polybutylacrylate. The butylacrylate polymerization rate and the proportion of polybutylacrylate in the polymer were found to rise as the emulsifier concentration increased up to 0.20 g/100 ml. A decrease in temperature from 35 to 10C markedly depressed the formation of the homopolymer without affecting the grafted polymerization rate, while both the rate of polymerization and

Card 1/2

VEDERNIKOVA, L.G.; KONKIN, A.A.

Process of forming of polycarbonate fibers. Khim. volok. no.3:
26-29 '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

VOLKOVA, N.S.; KONKIN, A.A.

Rheological properties of polyvinyl alcohol solutions of medium concentration. Khim. volok. no.4:17-20 '64. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Kiyevskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta iskusstvennogo volokna (for Volkova). 2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkin).

MAKAREVICH, N.I.; KONKIN, A.A.; HUN ZHUY [Wu Jung Jui]

Application of infrared spectroscopy for the analysis of polypropylene
fibers. Khim.volok.no.5:9-13 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut fiziki AN BSSR (for Makarevich). 2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy
institut (for U Zhun Zhuy).

ARKHANGEL'SKIY, D.N.; MUSATOVA, G.N.; KONKIN, A.A.

Saponification of cellulose xanthates in homogeneous media. Khim.
volok.no.5:38-41 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Kiyevskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
iskusstvennogo volokna (for Arkhangel'skiy, Musatova). 2. Moskovskiy
tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkin).

VEDERNIKOVA, L.G.; KONKIN, A.A.

Study of the production of polycarbonate fibers from a polymer
solution. Khim. volok. no.6:27-30 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

L 24660-65 EPF(c)/EPF(n)-2/EPR/EWG(j)/EWA(h)/EWP(j)/EWT(m)/T/EWA(1) Pc-4/
Pt-4/Pc-4/Pu-4/Pab GG/RM/WW
AP4049877 S/0183/64/000 003/0014/0018

49
42
8

AUTHOR: Wu, Jung-ji; Konkin, A. A.; Rogovin, Z. A.

TITLE: Investigation of the structure and properties of modified polypropylene

SOURCE: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 6, 1964, 14-18

TOPIC TAGS: polypropylene fiber, structure, physical mechanical property, polyacrylonitrile polypropylene graft copolymer, polymethylvinylpyrrolidone polypropylene, polyvinyl acetate polypropylene, polyacrylonitrile polypropylene

ABSTRACT: The changes in the structure and the physical-mechanical properties of polypropylene (PP) fibers modified with polyacrylonitrile (PAN), polymethylvinylpyrrolidone (PMVP), polyvinyl acetate (PVA), and polyacrylonitrile-polypropylene copolymer were investigated. Isotactic PP fibers were grafted with PAN, PVA, PMVP, and PAN to grafting of the PAK, PAN, PMVP or PVA. The degree of crystallinity and orientation of the structural elements along the fiber axis decreased in the grafted polymers in comparison to PP alone. The block chains in the grafted

Card 1/2

L 24660-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4049877

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copolymers did not significantly affect the heat and thermal stability of the PP fibers, but did lower the mechanical properties. Addition of up to about 10% of graft polymer did not impair the mechanical properties significantly, but larger quantities of PAN, PVMP or PVAc reduced the strength and modulus of the fibers, regardless of the graft polymer. Fibers and yarn made of the graft and PP-PAK graft copolymers are more durable materials. PP-rVMP has the same capacity as anionic AN-5, the ion-exchange capacity of PP-rVMP (100%) was 4.35 mg. equiv./gm. The authors thank D. Ya. Tsvankin, E. Z. Faynberg, M. P. Zverev and A. G. Monasty*rsko for help in conducting the work. Orig. art. has: 4 tables and 7 figures.

MTI

SUBMITTED: 20Nov63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 0C, GC

NO REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

KORETSKAYA, A.I.; KUDRYAVTSEV, G.I.; KONKIN, A.A.

Solid state polyesterification. Part 1: Solid phase polyesterification of p-acetoxybenzoic acid and low-molecular weight products of condensation of dimethyl terephthalate and ethylene glycol. Vysokom. soed 6 no.3:434-440 Mr'64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna.

ACCESSION NR: AP4030356

S/0190/64/006/003/0434/0440

AUTHORS: Koretskaya, A. I.; Kudryavtsev, G. I.; Konkin, A. A.

TITLE: A study of solid state polyesterification reaction. 1. Solid state polyesterification of p-acetoxybenzoic acid and of low molecular condensation products of dimethylterephthalate and ethyleneglycol

SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 3, 1964, 434-440

TOPIC TAGS: solid state, polyesterification, solid state polyesterification, p-acetoxybenzoic acid, dimethylterephthalate, ethyleneglycol, catalyst, boric acid, urea, benzidine, terephthalic acid, activation energy

ABSTRACT: The kinetics of solid state polyesterification of p-acetoxybenzoic acid (ABA) and of condensation of dimethylterephthalate (DMTP) with ethyleneglycol (EG) were studied in an atmosphere of nitrogen and in vacuum by the thermogravimetric technique. It was found that within 15 hours at 163C the polyesterification of ABA in a current of nitrogen was 7% complete, while at 168C (within 1-2 degrees of the melting point) it amounted to 14%. The addition of various catalysts caused a marked acceleration of the ABA polyesterification reaction, boric acid being the

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ACCESSION NR: AP4030356

most effective, then urea, benzidine, and terephthalic acid. The obtained ABA polymer had a melting point of 202-203C, was readily soluble in concentrated sulfuric acid (partly so in tricresol) and had a relative viscosity of 1.06-1.10. The investigation of the solid phase polyesterification reaction of DMTP and EG revealed that at 180C it took 360 minutes to reach a 60% completion, while in a 2 mm vacuum the reaction was 100% complete within 160 minutes. The authors assume that under vacuum the reaction has the characteristics of one of the 1.5 order. The activation energy of these reactions was calculated. V. V. Tikhomirova participated in the experimental work. Orig. art. has: 5 charts and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna (Scientific Research Institute of Synthetic Fibers)

SUBMITTED: 28Feb63

DATE ACQ: 07May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH

NO REF SOV: 008

OTHER: 011

Card 2/2

MOVSUM-ZADE, A.A.; GORYAINOVA, Ye.S.; LIVSHITS, R.M.; ROGOVIN, Z.A.;
KONKIN, A.A.

Chemical plasticization of cellulose triacetates by grafting on
polymethyl methacrylate. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.7:1340-1345 JI '64
(MIRA 18:2)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

ACTA/REF(C)/T/SAP(J) RPL 48 88

APPROXIMATE NO: AP5023219

UR/0190/64/006/011/1965/1968

Author: Kozlov, P. V.; Movsum-Zade, A. A.; Konkin, A. A.; Rogovin, Z. A.
Prolova, N. A.; Prolova, A. A.; Livshits, R. M.

TITLE: Plasticizing cellulose triacetate by grafting polymethylacrylate

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 11, 1964, 1965-1968

TOPIC TAGS: chain polymer, copolymerization, plasticizer, cellulose, thermomechanical property, graft copolymer

ABSTRACT: The article describes a study of plasticizing a rigid-chain polymer by graft copolymerization with a flexible-chain polymer exhibiting limited compatibility with it. Grafted copolymers of cellulose triacetate and polymethylacrylate were prepared by acetylation of synthesized graft copolymers of cellulose with polymethylacrylate. The thermomechanical properties (deformation point) of the graft copolymers and mechanical mixtures of cellulose triacetate with polymethylacrylate were investigated. Plasticizing of cellulose triacetate by graft copolymerization was found to occur on the molecular level. In the case of mechanical mixtures, a mechanical structuring mechanism is observed. Orig. art. has: 3 graphs, 1 table.

L 64544-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5023219

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (Moscow Textile Institute);

gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova (Moscow State

University) 177, 55

SUBMITTED: 06 Jan 64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CC, CC

NO OF PAGES: 004

OTHER: 000

JPRS

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4455

L 2177E-65 EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/ENT(m)/T Pc-4/Pr-4/Ps-4 RPL/ASD(m)-3/AFETR
RM/WH

ACCESSION NR: AP4044704

S/0062/64/000/008/1497/1500

AUTHOR: Zhulin, V. M.; Pen'kova, M. P.; Konkin, A. A.; Gonikberg, M. G.

Polymerization of α -methylacrolein in methanol

IZVESTIYA AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 8, 1964, 1497-1500

KEYWORDS: alpha methylacrolein, polymerization, high pressure polymeriza-
tion, heterogeneous polymerization, homogeneous polymerization, radical poly-

ABSTRACT: The heterogeneous polymerization of α -methylacrolein in methanol
using 0.15% α , α' -bisazodinitrile of isomutyric acid, based on weight
of monomer) was investigated at 60C and atmospheric and elevated pressures of
up to 1000 kg/cm². The product formed at atmospheric pressure was soluble
in pyridine and dimethylformamide; the high pressure products were not. IR
spectra showed all products contained ether, vinyl, aldehyde and hydroxyl groups,
it was concluded the polymeric chain growth was caused by addition of radi-
cals to the C=C and to the C=O bonds of the monomer molecule. The polymeriza-

L 21778-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4044704

3

tion rate under the conditions of the investigation increased linearly in proportion to the increase in polymer yield to about 30% conversion. At 2000 kg/cm² pressure the initial polymerization rate was increased 8.4 times and at the same time the polymerization was accelerated 5.6 times in proportion to the accumulated polymer. The following relationship was found to obtain $g = v_0 (e^{at} - 1)/a$, where g is the polymer yield, v_0 is the initial polymerization rate, t is the reaction time, and a is the slope of the straight line determining acceleration of the process according to the accumulation of polymer. The accelerating effect of pressure, characteristic of heterogeneous polymerizations, was significantly greater than in homogeneous radical polymerizations. "Spectral analysis was carried out by B. V. Lopatin, to whom is expressed sincere thanks." Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 2 equations and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N. D. Zelinskogo Akademii Nauk SSSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences SSSR) Moskovskiy Tekstilnyy Institut (Moscow Textile Institute)

26Dec62

SUB CODE: MT, GC

ENCL: 00

NO REF SOV: 902

OTHER: 004

Card2/2

2000-05

IN NR AP4047599

2

... aromatic aminogroups. The so obtained colors were much more stable than those obtained by adsorption into the fiber. The condensation reaction depends upon the structure of the dye, location of the amino groups and the molecular weight. Only 1-2% of the copolymer aldehyde groups participated in the reaction. The fiber strength was reduced by 5-10%. An up to 100% increase of tenacity was obtained by 3 methods: (1) using hexamethylenediamine to obtain intermolecular chemical links, crosslinking between the macromolecules was proved by its increased thermostability and failure to dissolve in dimethylformamide as well as by a new IR band, indicating the formation of a C-N bond. (2) coordinated linking was obtained with $FeCl_3$ and HCl or: (3) with Ni^{+2} following treatment with hydroxylamine. Upon reacting the copolymer with proteins (gelatin, glynylalcohol) sandwich polymers were obtained: up to 4% gelatin was attached to the polymer. This fiber could be dyed with acid dyes. The dyeing was up to 2% to the weight. Orig. art. has 3 tables and 7 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii Akademii nauk Estonskoy SSR (Institute of Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, Estonian SSR)

210

L 25628-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4047599

SUBMITTED: 06May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC. GC

NR REF SOV 008

OTHER: 004

Page 3/3

KOL'K, A. [Kolk, A.]; KONKIN, A., doktor tekhn. nauk; ROGOVIN, Z., doktor tekhn. nauk

Production of a fiber based on a copolymer of acrylonitrile and methacrolein. Izv. AN Est. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. i tekhn. nauk 13 no.3:241-245 :64.

Modification of a fiber based on a copolymer of acrylonitrile and methacrolein. Ibid.:246-253

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut khimii AN Estonskoy SSR.

E 37014-05 EWT(m)/EWG(v)/EWP(j)/1 Pc-4/Pc-5 RM
ACCESSION NR: AP5005754

3/19/86/000/001/0041/0045

23

AUTHORS: Smol'nikova, L. G.; Konkin, A. A.

Interaction of caprone fibers with a furan...
...shchekoye volokna, no. 1, 1981, 1100

KEYWORDS: caprone, polyamide, intermolecular bond, physicochemical property, solubility, fiber, formic acid, adipic acid, sebacic acid, catalyst: epoxy, xylene, bifunctional compound / No. 34 caprone, No. 5 caprone, No. 20 caprone

ABSTRACT: This article, the first in a series: "Modification of Caprone Fibers," contains experiments performed to ascertain the effect of... changing the... and modulus of elasticity of polyamide... forming intermolecular... the interaction of a polyamide... compound... work and the results of interacting caprone fibers with... dihydroxylic acids, with epoxy... catalysts... caprone fibers No. 34, 5, and 20... xylene... the change of physicochemical... solubility... were used as the criteria... It was found that fiber weight was... by 1.5%.

L 39314-6

ADMISSION NO: AP5005754

with a proportional decrease in the solubility and a sharp increase in the melting point. Experiments were also conducted to study the reaction products between the fiber and formic acid. A weight increase up to 20% and complete insolubility in formic acid were observed. In the above work, the influence of temperature, time, and the concentration of the reagents were studied. Experiments with impurities were conducted at 100-180°C with alkaline and acid catalysts. The results were published in *Chem. Abstr.* 1964, 60:10000. The authors thank S. V. Vinogradova for providing dichloroanhydride. Eng. art. has: 4 formulas and 5 graphs.

Address: Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (Moscow Textile Institute)

14Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 00

OTHER: 008

Card 2/2

ENG(j)/EWT(m)/EWT(j)/T/EWA(k) ENA : 1 - 1 - 1 - RM
AP5005756

5/13/65/000/001/0051/0053

Druzhinina, T. V.; Andrichenko, Yu. D.; Konkin, A. A.

Physicochemical properties of fibers of polyethylene and ethylene copolymer with propylene

Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 1, 1965, 51-53

polyethylene, polypropylene, fiber property, thermal property/ P&K 2

The work on mechanical properties of fibers of polyethylene (PE) and ethylene with propylene (CEP) performed by T. V. Druzhinina, Yu. D. Andrichenko, A. A. Konkin, A. G. Monastyrskiy, and S. V. Kukin (tekst. prom., v) was extended to physicochemical properties of these fibers, i.e., effects of temperature, chemical reagents, and ultraviolet radiation. It was found that PE lost $\approx 80\%$ of its room temperature strength at 80C (accompanied by increase in elongation) while polypropylene (PP) lost 50% (+30% elongation) under the same conditions. After heating for 24 hours at 100C, PE did not lose its strength at 100C, while PP had a 12% strength decrease after heat

AP5085756

strength and elongation weights (5-10% of weight required for yield) from fibers while
 increasing the temperature at 3-5 degrees/min showed that Car failed at 300 (19%
 at 900), PE at 900 (6%), and PP failed at 1600 (30%). Ultraviolet radiation
 from a PRA-2 lamp for 20 hrs at 300 decreased the strength and elongation of PE,
 PE and PP respectively as follows: strength-29%, 38% and 37%; elongation- 3%,
 4%, and 52%. The effects of NaOH (40% for 100 hours) and H₂SO₄ (80%, 100 hrs) on
 strength and elongation were small, but HNO₃ caused a 26% strength and a 42%
 elongation decrease in PE (100% for 100 hrs) and a 44% strength decrease in PP
 (100% for 100 hrs). The authors thank A. V. Motorina and N. A. Novikov for allowing
 these experiments to be performed at VNIIV. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 3

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (Moscow Textile Institute)

DATE: 16Dec63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CC MT

REF: 003

OTHER: 000

Card 12

SMOL'NIKOVA, L.G.; KONKIN, A.A.

Mechanical properties of capron fibers cross-linked with
bifunctional compounds. Khim. volok. no.2:28-30 '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut.

VOLKOVA, N.S.; KONKIN, A.A.

Rheological properties of plasticized systems. Khim. volok. no.3:7-
11 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Kiyevskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
iskusstvennogo volokna (for Volkova). 2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut
(for Konkina).

AP5013981

18/0183/01-000/001/0020/0021

Kenkin, V. A.

Reaction of polycaprolactam fiber with cyanuric chloride

Author: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 3, 1965, 20-24

ABSTRACT: caprone, chlorine organic compound, fiber, organic synthesis, heat stability, mechanical property

ABSTRACT: The reaction between polycaprolactam fiber and cyanuric chloride was studied. The reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material. On heating this product with 2N NaOH at 50C the product was converted to a soluble form. The reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material. The reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: AP5013981

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824310006-7

The hydroxy derivative of the reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material. The hydroxy derivative of the reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material. The hydroxy derivative of the reaction product was obtained in the form of a solid material.

21 Mar 64

ENCL: 00

MT, CC

OTHER: 000

677.494.7-13

AUTHOR: Biber, B. L.; Konkin, A. A.

TITLE: Cellulose-polyvinyl alcohol graft copolymers

SOURCE: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 4, 1965, 29-33

TOPIC TAGS: polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl acetate, graft copolymer, cellulose plastic, block copolymer, viscose

ABSTRACT: The article reports on the synthesis of cellulose-polyvinyl alcohol graft copolymers, their properties, and the effect of side chains on the behavior of the copolymer during the main stages of the viscose process (mercerization and aging). The results of experiments at various compositions were presented. It was shown that the structure of cellulose and its copolymers with PVA is the same during the aging. The structures

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ACCESSION NR: AP5019631

of the initial and modified cellulose regenerated from their alkaline derivatives following mercerization were compared. No appreciable differences were found in cellulose structures, as indicated by the infrared spectra. The vertical integral heat of solution of the cellulose

2

ASSOCIATION: MTI

DATE: 28Jun84

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT, CD

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

ZAKHAROV, V.S.; VASIL'YEV, Yu.V.; KONKIN, A.A.

Rheological properties of plasticized acetyl cellulose.
Khim. volok. no.4:49-51 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskikh volokon, g. Kalinin (for Zakharov, Vasil'yev). 2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkin).

RADUSHKEVICH, B.V.; VASIL'YEV, Yu.V.; KONKIN, A.A.

Studying the viscosity of fluoride-containing polymer melts.
Khim. volok. no.5:16-20 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. VNIISV (for Radushkevich), Vasil'yev). 2. Moskovskiy
tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkin).

ARKHANGEL'SKIY, D.N.; MUSATOVA, G.N.; SERAYA, L.D.; BOBROVA, T.V.;
POPOVA, L.A.; KONKIN, A.A.

Saponification of cellulose xanthates in a homogeneous medium.
Khim. volok. no.5:27-29 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Kiyevskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta iskusstvennogo volokna (for all except Konkin).
2. Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut (for Konkin).

L 42130-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4/Ps-4 RPL Ww/RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5011258

UR/0190/65/007/004/0756/0756

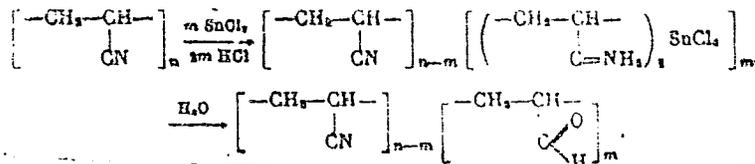
Annova, N. F.; Gabrielyan, G. A.; Fagovin, Z. A.;
 et al.

Preparative method for an acrylonitrile-acrolein copolymer
 and its conversion to polymer analogs

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedeniya, v. 7, no. 4, 1965, 756

TOPIC TAGS: copolymer, polyacrylonitrile, acrylonitrile acrolein
 copolymer

ABSTRACT: The feasibility has been shown of preparing an acrylo-
 acrolein copolymer by conversion of some of the nitrile groups
 of acrylonitrile to aldehyde groups by the Stephen method
 (Proc. R. Soc., London, Ser. A, 127, 1434, 1929).



Card 1/2

LA 2179-05

ACCESSION NR: AP5011258

It is noted that previously such a copolymer was preparable only by starting from the monomers. The reaction was carried out both on acrylonitrile and polyacrylonitrile fibers in hexane at 60—100C. The amount of SnCl₄ used was 0.5 to 1.0 mol-repeat unit of polyacrylonitrile. Copolymers containing up to 20 mol% aldehyde groups were prepared. Orig. art. has: 1 formula. [SM]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 18Sep64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 0000

NO REF SOVI: 000

OTHER: 002

ATD PRESS: 3239

Card 2/2

KORETSKAYA, A.I.; KUDRYAVTSEV, G.I.; KONKIN, A.A.

Copolycondensation of α, ω -amino acids with linear oligomers of polyethylene terephthalate. Vysokom. soed. 7 no.5:908-912 My '65.
(BTRA 18:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna.

L 00744-66 EPF(c)/EWT(m)/EWF(j)/T RPL RM/WW

ACCESSION NR: AP5020960

UR/0190/65/007/008/1297/1300

AUTHOR: Movsum-Zade, A. A.; Kuznetsov, G. A.; Fomenko, L. N.; Livshits, R. M.; Konkin, A. A.; Rogovin, Z. A.

TITLE: Plasticization of cellulose triacetates by grafting on polybutylacrylate

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya. v. 7. no. 8, 1965, 1297-1300

TOPIC TAGS: plasticization, block copolymer, thermomechanical property, copolymerization

ABSTRACT: Plasticization of rigid polymers by graft copolymerization with incompatible flexible polymers was investigated. Cellulose triacetate-polybutylacrylate graft copolymers with different compositions were obtained by acetylating previously synthesized cellulose-polybutylacrylate graft copolymers. The latter were synthesized with the aid of an oxidation-reduction system using Ce^{+4} salts. Acetylation was carried out in homogeneous medium in the presence of $HClO_4$ as catalyst. The thermomechanical properties of mechanical mixtures of cellulose triacetate with polybutylacrylate (which is incompatible with the former) and of the graft copolymers were investigated. It was impossible to differentiate be-

Card 1/2

L 8869-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T/EWA(c) RPL WW/RM

ACC NR: AP5025961

SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/65/007/010/1719/1725

AUTHOR: ^{44,55}Novitskaya, M. A.; ^{44,55}Konkin, A. A.

ORG: ^{44,55}Moscow Textile Institute (Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut) ⁴⁸₃

TITLE: ⁷Synthesis of polyethylene oxide and polyacrylonitrile block copolymers ^{7, 44, 55}

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 7, no. 10, 1965, 1719-1725

TOPIC TAGS: organic nitrile compound, ethylene oxide, copolymerization, block copolymer, reaction mechanism, polyacrylonitrile, polymerization catalyst

ABSTRACT: The possibility of modifying ¹⁵polyacrylonitrile (PAN) by its block copolymerization with polyethylene oxide (PEO) was investigated. Block copolymer syntheses were effected in aqueous solution at room temperature under atmospheric pressure in the presence of an oxidation-reduction system using quadrivalent cerium salts as the oxidizing agent and the PEO end groups as the reducing agent. The effects of reaction time, and of acrylonitrile, PEO and cerium salt content on the block copolymer yield and composition were examined. The ratio of components

Card 1/2

UDC: 541.64+678.55+678.74
₂

ACC NR: AP5025961

of the oxidation-reduction system had the greatest effect on the copolymerization. Equimolar amounts of cerium salts and PEO terminal -OH groups gave optimum results. Excess PEO did not greatly effect yield or composition, but did reduce the molecular weight of the copolymer. PAN-PEO block copolymers containing 10-20% PEO were obtained with PEO of 4400 molecular weight by varying reaction conditions. Possible reaction initiation mechanisms are discussed. Orig. art. has: 2 table, 2 equations and 3 figures.

SUB CODE: MT/ SUBM DATE: 13Nov64/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 002

OC
Card 2/2

A L 11609-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T RM	
ACC NR: AP6001866	SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/65/007/012/2126/2131
AUTHORS: ^{44,55} Andrichenko, Yu. D.; ^{44,55} Druzhinina, T. V.; ^{44,55} Zubov, Yu. A.; ^{44,55} Konkin, A. A.; Tsvankin, D. Ya. ^{44,55}	
ORG: ^{44,55} Moscow Textile Institute (Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut); ^{44,55} Institute for Heteroorganic Compounds, AN SSSR (Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy, AN SSSR) ^{44,55}	
TITLE: Study of the structure and properties of <u>polyethylene fibers</u> ^{15,44,55}	
SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 2126-2131	
TOPIC TAGS: polymer, crystalline polymer, linear polymer , polyethylene, elastic modulus, elasticity, <i>molecular structure, solid mechanical property, synthetic fiber,</i> <i>x ray scattering</i>	
ABSTRACT: The influence of supermolecular structure on the mechanical properties of polyethylene fibers was studied. A particular emphasis was placed on the effect of stretching on the structural transformation of linear polyethylene fibers. The experiments were carried out at IIOC. The structural changes were investigated by means of x-ray spectroscopy, birefringence, and density determinations. The interpretation of large angle x-ray scattering data was carried out by the method of D. Ya. Tsvankin (Vysokomolek. soyed., 6, 2078, 2083, 1964). Mechanical properties of the fibers determined as a function of the degree of stretching are presented in	
Card 1/2	UDC: 678.01:53+678.742

ACC NR: AP6001866

tables and graphs. It was found that complete orientation of crystallites was realized at 800% stretching. The so-called large period first decreases from 200 Å to 173 Å, and then increases to 212 Å with increase in the degree of stretching. At higher degrees of stretching, the intensity of the large period decreases sharply. It is suggested that the marked increase in the elasticity modulus which increases in the large period is associated with the orientation of crystallites and with the increased degree of crystallinity of the polymer fibers. Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 4 graphs.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 26Jan65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 001

OC
Card 2/2

L 1347-66 ENT(m)/EMP(j)/T WW/RM

ACC NR: AP6003412

SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/001/0042/0048

AUTHORS: El'garf, S. A.; Konkin, A. A.; Rogovin, Z. A.

29

ORG: Moscow Textile Institute (Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut)

28

TITLE: Synthesis of polyacrylonitrile graft copolymers 44.55

B

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 1, 1966, 42-48

TOPIC TAGS: graft copolymer, polyacrylonitrile, polymerization initiator, redox reaction

ABSTRACT: A new method for synthesizing graft copolymers of modified polyacrylonitrile (I) with polyacrylonitrile and polymethacrylate (II) while using a redox system is described. Modified (I) was prepared from acrylonitrile and α -methacrolein (the presence of an aldehyde-group in the latter enabled the polymer to act as a reducing agent in the redox system). The redox polymerization method was described earlier by A. R. Kol'k, A. A. Konkin, and Z. A. Rogovin (Khimich. volokna, 1963, No. 4, 12). Effects of the concentration of ceric sulfate and sulfuric acid and the reaction time upon the rate of formation and yield of graft copolymer of modified (I) with (I) and/or (II) were studied.

Card 1/2

UDC: 541.64+678.745

2

WIPO/WP(j)/T Pc-4 RM

AI 5015/73

000/000/0052/0052

Smolin, A. A.; Smol'nikova, I. I.

Method of processing polyamide or a copolyamide fiber, No.

Method of processing polyamide or a copolyamide fiber, No.

polyamide, fiber, hydroperoxide, reaction

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for processing polyamide or a copolyamide fiber by reagents interacting with hydroperoxide of the amide group of the fiber. To increase the heat resistance of the fiber an organic peroxide is used or a diketene solution is used as the hydroperoxide reagent.

CLASSIFICATION

UNCLASSIFIED

ENCL: 00

RECODE: 00

OTHER: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 1/177

KONKIN, A.A., doktor khimicheskikh nauk

Elastomer synthetic fibers. Zhur. VKHO 10 no.2:152-159 '65.
(MIRA 18:6)

DRUZHININA, T.V., nauchnyy sotrudnik; ANDRICHENKO, Yu.D., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
KONKIN, A.A., prof.; MONASTYRSKIY, A.G.; KUKIN, G.N., prof.

Mechanical properties of fibers made from polyethylene and
copolymers of ethylene with propylene. Tekst. prom. 25
no.5:19-24 My '65. (MIRA 18:5)

KON'KOV, V.I. (Kon'kiy)

Solution of problems in the theory of sounding measurements of
the parameters of semiconductor films. Prikl. mat. i mekh. 29
no. 4:792-794 JI-Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

L 34825-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T FM

ACC NR: AP6017602

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0183/66/000/001/0026/0029

AUTHOR: Smol'nikova, L. G.; Konkin, A. A.; Makarevich, N. I. 29

ORG: [Smol'nikova] Altai Polytechnical Institute im. Polzunov, Barnaul (Altaiskiy politekhnicheskii institut); [Konkin] MTI; [Makarevich] Institute of Physics, AN BSSR, Minsk (Institut fiziki AN BSSR)

TITLE: Using sulfur chloride solutions for cross-linking capron fibers ⁵

SOURCE: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 1, 1966, 26-29

TOPIC TAGS: chloride, sulfur compound, polymer cross linking, synthetic fiber, ~~nylon~~, polyamide, IR spectrum

ABSTRACT: This article is the fourth in the series "Modification of Capron Fiber". The previous studies were devoted to the effect which dicarboxylic dichlorides, diisocyanates and cyanuric chloride have on the properties of polyamide fiber. In view of the cross linking which takes place with the formation of intermolecular chemical bonds when rubber, gutta-percha and polyvinyl alcohol are treated in sulfur chloride, experiments were conducted to study the use of this reagent for cross linking in capron fiber. No 34.5 polyamide was treated in an 8% solution of pyridine in xylol. After the reaction, the modified fibers were extracted by carbon disulfide and acetone to a constant weight to eliminate the effect of sorbed sulfur on the properties of the

Card 1/2

UDC: 677.494.675

L 34825-66

ACC NR: AP6017602

fibers. Two new absorption bands were observed at 1117 and 630 cm^{-1} in the infrared spectrum of polycaproamide cross-linked with sulfur chloride. The bands apparently

indicate the presence of $\text{—NH—}\overset{\text{S}}{\parallel}\text{C—}$ groups in the modified capron. Treatment of the modified fiber in water at 100°C considerably reduces the quantity of bound sulfur. This process continues for 4 hours of boiling after which the bound sulfur has been reduced to one half and there is practically no further change. The infrared spectra

of the treated polymer do not show the absorption bands characteristic of $\text{—NH—}\overset{\text{S}}{\parallel}\text{C—}$ groups. It is shown that the labile intermolecular polysulfide bonds formed during interaction of the polycaproamide with sulfur chloride are converted into more stable bonds by the boiling water. The formation of polysulfide cross lines is accompanied by substitution of sulfur for the oxygen in the amide bond with the formation of thioamide groups. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 1 table.

SUB CODE: 11, 07/ SUBM DATE: 01Dec64/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 *fv*

L 46143-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T IJP(c) WW/RM

ACC NR: AP6026736

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0183/66/000/003/0021/0023

AUTHOR: Smol'nikova, L. G.; Konkin, A. A.

ORG: Altay Polytechnic Institute im. I. I. Polzunov, Barnaul (Altayskiy politekhni-cheskiy institut)

TITLE: Mechanical and thermomechanical properties of sulfur monochloride vulcanized polycaprolactam fibers

SOURCE: Khimicheskiye volokna, no. 3, 1966, 21-23

TOPIC TAGS: synthetic fiber, solid mechanical property, vulcanization

ABSTRACT: The effect of vulcanization with sulfur monochloride on mechanical and thermomechanical (tensile strength, elongation, modulus of elasticity, thermal stability) properties of polycaprolactam resins was investigated. The object of the work was to develop technology for improving the commercial polycaprolactam fiber "kapron No. 34.5". Kapron No. 34.5 fiber samples were vulcanized with S₂Cl₂ (by treatment with a pyridine-containing 5% S₂Cl₂ solution in absolute xylene) to contain 1.1-8.4% combined sulfur and then the tensile strength and elongation were measured after thermal treatment at 21°, for 24 hrs at 150°C, for 1 hr at 200°C, for 0.5 hr at 220°C, and for a 4 hr treatment with water at 100°C. It was found that the introduction of sulfur generally resulted in improved thermal stability of the polycaprolactam fiber.

UDC: 677.494.675

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AM6033433

Monograph

UR/

Konkin, Aleksandr Arsen'yevich; Zverev, Mikhail Petrovich

Polyolefin fibers (Poliolefinovyye volokna) Moscow. Izd-vo "Khimiyu", 1966. 278 p. illus., biblio., index. 3700 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: conjugated polyolefin hydrocarbon, synthetic fiber, fiber

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for scientific and engineering workers in the synthetic fiber industry and in associated branches of industry concerned with synthetic fibers. It can also be used as a textbook by students of chemical-engineering and textile institutes of higher education. The book discusses the basic principles for synthesizing polyolefins (polypropylene and polyethylene) and their most important properties, and describes the effect on the process for producing polyolefin fibers. Also described are the rheological characteristics of polymer melts, the fiber-formation processes and the drawing and thermal fixing of the thread. The properties, means of modification, and possible fields of polyolefin fiber application are examined. Chapters I, II, IV and V were written by M. P. Zverev, and the introduction, Chapters III, VI, and VII by A.A. Konkin. The authors express gratitude to Doctor of Technical Sciences K. Ye. Perepelkin, Candidate of Technical Sciences T. V. Druzhinina and A. Ya. Malin, and to A. R. Gantmakher for their helpful advice. There are 395 references 219 of which are Soviet.

Card 1/2

UDC: 677.494.742.2/.3

ACC NR: AM6033433

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Ch. I. Production, structure and properties of polyolefins -- 12

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References -- 267

SUB CODE: 07,11/

SUBM DATE: 28May66/

ORIG REF: 188/ OTH REF: 176/

Cerd 2/2

SKRIPNIK, Ya. P.; LERNER, I.M.; KONKIN, A.V.; BARAMIDZE, G.A.

Manufacturing protein fodder concentrates, antibiotics, and
vitamins from alcohol production wastes. Spirt.prom. 27
no.4:21-25 '61. (MIRA 14:6)
(Distilling industries--By-products)

KONKIN, B. N.

Konkin, B. N.

"Investigation of the processes of wear on the chutes of scraper conveyors (on the example of the chutes of the SKR-11 conveyor)." Min Higher Education USSR. Moscow Mining Inst imeni I. V. Stalin. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences).

So: Knizhnaya letopis'
No. 25, 1956. Moscow

KONKIN, B.N.
KONKIN, B.N., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Reader's response to I.G. Shtokman's article "Basic parameters of
scraper conveyors." Ugol'33 no.1:39 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Permskiy gornyy institut.
(Coal handling machinery)
(Shtokman, I.G.)

LYUTAREVICH, K.V.
LYUTAREVICH, K.V., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; KONKIN, B.N., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Valuable book on mine transportation machinery ("Mine transportation machinery" by A.V. Evnevich. Reviewed by K.V. Lyutarevich, B.N. Konkin). Ugol' 33 no.2:47-48 P '58. (MIRA 11:2)
(Mine haulage) (Conveying machinery)
(Evnevich, A.V.)

KONKIN, B.M., dotsent

Length of the breaking distance in mines. Bezop.truda v prom. 7
no.4:9-10 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Permskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Mine haulage—Safety measures)

KONKIN, B.N., dotsent; VYSHINSKIY, Yu.M., inzh.

Use of electric mine locomotives for pulling loaded cars up an
incline. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; gor. zhur. 6 no.3:74-79 '63.
(MIRA 16:10)

1. Permskiy politekhnicheskii institut. Rekomendovana kafedroy
pod"yemno-transportnykh i gornyykh mashin.

KONKIN, B.N., dotsent; VYSHINSKIY, Yu.M., inzh.

Braking force produced by 14Kr-1 electric locomotives in
potassium mines of the upper Kama deposit. Izv. vys. ucheb.
zav.; gor. zhur. 6 no.8:88-89 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Permskiy politekhnicheskii institut. Rekomendovana kafedroy
pod"yemno-transportnykh mashin.

1. KONKIN, I.
2. USSR (600)
4. Meat Industry
7. Production output when processing goats. *Mias.ind.* SSSR 23 no. 6, 1952.

9. Monthly Lists of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953, Unclassified.

KONKIN, I., inshener.

Safety appliance for circular saws. Mas.ind. SSSR. 25 no.4:
61 '54. (MIRA 7:8)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Circular saws--Safety appliances)

KONKIN, I., inzhener; SEN'KIN, A., mekhanik.

Automatic stall for cattle and pigs. *Mias. ind. SSSR* 25 no. 6:54-55
154. (MLRA 8:1)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Cattle--Transportation)

KONKIN, I., inzhener.

**Dosimeters for liquid preparations. Mas.ind. SSSR 26 no.1:56-57
'55. (MIRA 8:5)**

- 1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Drug industry) (Bottling machinery)**

KONKIN, I., inshener.

Efficiency improvement at the Baku Meat Combine. Mas. ind. SSSR
27 no.5:30-31 '56. (MLRA 9:11)
(Baku--Packing houses)

KONKIN, I.

Suggestions of efficiency promoters. *Mias.ind.SSSR* 27 no.6:51-53
156. (MLRA 10:2)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Meat industry--Equipment and supplies)

KONKIN, I., inzh.

Apparatus for the removal of hoofs. *Vop. ind. SSSR* 28 no.6:58
'57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Packing houses--Equipment and supplies)

KONKIN, I. I. inzh.

Our experience conducting practical training for students.
Mias. ind. SSSR 29 no.2:28-29 '58.

(MIRA 11:5)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.

(Field work (Educational method))
(Packing houses)

KONKIN, I., inzh.

Comments on the planning of new packing houses. *Mias. ind. SSSR.*
30 no.4:33-34 '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Packing houses)

KONKIN, I.

Mechanization level of processing shops is rising. Mias.ind. SSSR
31 no.6:41-44 '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Bakinskiy myasokombinat.
(Baku--Meat industry--Equipment and supplies)

KONKIN, I.

Achievements of efficiency promoters. *Mias.ind.* SSSR 33 no.3:14-15
162. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Bakinskiy vyasokombinat.
(Baku—Heat industry)

KONKIN, I.F.

Konkin, I.F. "Sources of blood supply of the venous sinus and the great heart vein in man",
Trudy Voen.-mor. med. akad., Vol. XI, 1948, p. 234-37, - Bibliog: 9 items.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 9, 1949)

KONKIN, I.F., (Leningrad, st. Pesochnaya, d.250, kv. 1)

Neural apparatus of the human fetal pharynx in man. Arkh.anat.
gist. i embr. 35 no.4833-38 JI-Ag '58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Iz kafedry normal'noy anatomii (nach. - prof. V.M. Godinov)
Voyenno-morskoy meditsinskoy akademii.
(PHARYNX, embryology,
innervation (Rus))

YAKOVLEVA, Ye.S.; KONKIN, I.P.; SVADKOVSKIY, B.S.

Fourth Conference on Age Factors in Morphology, Physiology,
and Biochemistry. Arkh.anat.gist.i embr. 37 no.8:117-122
Ag '59. (MIRA 12:11)

(AGE)

KONKIN, I.F.

Sources of innervation of the pharynx. Arkh.anat.gist.i embr. 38
no.2:69-75 F '60. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Kafedra normal'noy anatomii (nachal'nik - chlen-korrespondent
AMN SSSR prof. B.A.Dolgo-Saburov) Voenno-meditsinskoy ordena
Lenina akademii imeni S.M.Kirova.
(PHARYNX—INNERVATION)

KONKIN, I.F.

Structure of the nerve plexus of the pharynx. Arkh. anat.,
gist. i embr. 45 no.7:64-71 Je '63. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kafedra normal'noy anatomii (ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti
zaveduyushchego - prof. V.M. Godinov) Voyenno-medsinskoy ordena
Lenina akademii imeni S.M. Kirova, Leningrad. Adres avtora: Lenin-
grad, ulitsa Lebedeva, 37, Voyenno-medsinskaya akademiya imeni
Kirov, kafedra normal'noy anatomii.

KONKIN, I.F.

Materials on the comparative hystology of the nervous apparatus of
the pharynx (Amphibia). Trudy Len. ob-va est. 74 no. 1:64-67 '63.
(MIRA 17:9)

KONKIN, I.F. (Leningrad, Pesochnoye-a, 250, kv.1)

Structure of the nervous apparatus of the pharynx in frogs. Arkh. anat., gist. i embr. 47 no.12:83-88 D '64.

(MIRA 18:4)
1. Kafedra normal'noy anatomii (ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti zaveduyushchego - prof. V.M.Godinov) Voenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni Kirova, Leningrad.

AUTHORS: Ionov, V.G. and Konkin, M.I. (Engineers)

100-5-9/10

TITLE: New hydraulic jack for tensioning steel reinforcement.
(Novyy gidravlicheskiy domkrat dlya natyazheniya provoloki).

PERIODICAL: "Mekhanizatsiya Stroitel'stva" (Mechanisation of
Construction), 1957, Vol.14, No.5, pp.29 - 31 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: Designers of the Sheksnyn factory of Transport Construct-
ions (Ministerstvo Transportnogo Stroitel'stva) construct-
ed the new hydraulic jack GD-15 (ГД-15). This supersedes
the jack SM-539 (СМ-539). The new jack consists of a main
body to which 5 small jacks are fixed, one for each steel
rod. The jack is suspended in the horizontal position to
allow for the use in various levels and positions (from a
stand on wheels). The stand incorporates manually operated
gears and other controls. The jack is designed for a work-
ing pressure of 300 kg/cm², the capacity of each of the
small jacks (in tensioning) being 3400 kg, the maximum dis-
placement being 105 mm. The gripping capacity is 1500 kg
and the weight of the whole jack is 82 kg. It was designed
for tensioning of five 5 mm diameter rods. It can, however,
be constructed with varying numbers of small jacks, i.e.
different number of rods and different diameters. The
introduction of this jack has increased the output 10 - 15

Card 1/2

KONKIN, K. V.

-29196. Khozyaystvennyy raschet na (Gor'kovskom) avtozavode im. molotova . Avtomob
prom-sty', 1949, No. 9, S. 5-7

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 39, Moskva, 1949

KISELEV, I.I.; BORISOV, N.I.; YASINOVSKIY, B.S., inzh.; SANNIKOV, Yu.K., inzh.;
 SOKOLOV, V.A., inzh.; LEVCHENKO, L.D., inzh.; NALOYEV, G.A., inzh.;
 CHICHAKOV, K.K., inzh.; BARYKIN, V.I., inzh.; FREYDLIN, A.Ya., inzh.
 GULYAYEV, A.I., inzh.; STIGHEYEV, Ya.F., inzh.; SHAGANOVA, K.N., inzh.;
 KHELIMSKIY, I.Ye., inzh.; AVROV, A.M., inzh.; DEMIDOVA, M.I., inzh.;
 WIKIPOROVA, Ye.D., inzh.; KLIBANOVA, F.I., inzh.; CHIVKUNOV, K.I.,
 inzh.; STOROZHKO, I.G., inzh.; NOVAKOVSKIY, Ye.Ya., inzh.; GOYKHTUL',
 A.O., inzh.; TARASOV, A.M., inzh.; SHISHKO, A.P., inzh.; UVAROV,
 P.T., ekonomist; DRAGUNOV, M.V., ekonomist; KARANDASHOV, A.A.,
 ekonomist; KONKIN, M.V., ekonomist; GOREV, M.S., ekonomist. Pri-
 nimali uchastiye: LAPIN, T.I.; RAMENSKIY, Yu.A.; KADINSKIY, B.A.;
 SOKOLOV, S.D.; STOROZHKO, I.G.; POMINYKH, A.I.. POLYAKOVA, N.,
 red.; SMIRNOV, G., tekhn.red.

[Organization and improvement of production; practices of the
 Gorkiy Automobile Plant] Organizatsiia i sovershenstvovanie
 proizvodstva; opyt Gor'kovskogo avtosavoda. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo
 polit. lit-ry, 1958. 332 p. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Direktor Gor'kovskogo avtomobil'nogo savoda (for Kiselev).
2. Glavnyy inzhener Gor'kovskogo avtomobil'nogo savoda (for Borisov).
3. Gor'kovskiy avtomobil'nyy savod (for all except Kiselev, Borisov,
 Polyakova, Smirnov).

(Gorkiy--Automobile industry)

KONKIN, Mikhail Vasil'yevich; BASMANOV, V.A., otv. red.; MEDVEDEVA, R.,
red.izd-va; LEBEDEV, A., tekhn. red.

[Business accounting in an enterprise; from the practice of the
Gorkiy Automobile Plant] Khoziaistvennyi raschet na predpriatii;
iz opyta Gor'kovskogo avtozavoda. Moskva, Gosfinizdat, 1962. 71p.
(MIRA 16:3)

(Gorkiy--Automobile industry--Finance)

SEREGIN, Andrey Vasil'yevich, kand.khim.nauk; KONKIN, P.I., polkovnik,
red.; SOKOLOVA, G.F., tekhn.red.

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M-va obor. SSSR, 1958. 135 p. (MIRA 12:1)
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YEVTYUKHIN, Ivan Yegorovich; SEREBRYAKOV, Yuriy Fedorovich; ~~KONKIN, P.I.~~
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[Truck driving in convoys] Vozhdenie avtomobilia v kolonne.
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KOTOVSKIY, Vladimir Il'ich, kand. tekhn. nauk, inzh.-podpolkovnik;
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operation] Stabilizatory tankovogo voozuzhenia; printsipy
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SMIRNOV, Mikhail Pavlovich, polkovnik; VARENY SHEV, Boris Vasil'yevich,
polkovnik; KONKIN, P.I., polkovnik, red.; SOKOLOVA, G.F.,
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(Tank warfare)

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TEREKHOV, Petr Vasil'yevich, kand. voyen. nauk, dots., polkovnik
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Boevye deistviia tankov na Severo-Zapade v 1944 g. Mo-
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KIRILLOV, Boris Nikolayevich, polkovnik; POSTNIKOV, Viktor
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[Tank company in battle] Tankovaiia rota v boiu. Mo-
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Voen.isd-vo M-va obr.SSSR, 1960. 175 p. (MIRA 13:9)
(Pipelines)

ZHIDOVICH, A.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; VARGA, R.Sh., kand.tekhn.nauk; KONKIN, O.N.,
inzh.; KURZIN, B.A., inzh.

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species. Der. prom. 12 no.11:6-7 N '63.
(MIRA 17:1)

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

21

KONKIN V. D.

S

Rapid Colorimetric Method of Determining Phosphorus in Ferrous Metals in the Presence of Arsenic. V. D. Konkin. (Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1939, No. 3, pp. 322-324). (In Russian). The steel is dissolved in nitric acid and the solution is boiled. It is then oxidised with potassium permanganate solution, the MnO_2 precipitate being destroyed by the addition of 10% of sodium nitrite, the nitrous fumes being removed by boiling. After cooling, the solution is treated with ammonium vanadate and ammonium molybdate, which gives a coloured soluble compound— $(NH_4)_2PO_4 \cdot VO_3 \cdot 10MoO_3$ —with the phosphate. The latter is estimated colorimetrically against a solution prepared from a steel (free from chromium and nickel) of known phosphorus content. The time required is 10-12 min.

ASA-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

E-Z

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A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z AA AB AC AD AE AF AG AH AI AJ AK AL AM AN AO AP AQ AR AS AT AU AV AW AX AY AZ BA BB BC BD BE BF BG BH BI BJ BK BL BM BN BO BP BQ BR BS BT BU BV BW BX BY BZ CA CB CC CD CE CF CG CH CI CJ CK CL CM CN CO CP CQ CR CS CT CU CV CW CX CY CZ DA DB DC DD DE DF DG DH DI DJ DK DL DM DN DO DP DQ DR DS DT DU DV DW DX DY DZ EA EB EC ED EE EF EG EH EI EJ EK EL EM EN EO EP EQ ER ES ET EU EV EW EX EY EZ FA FB FC FD FE FF FG FH FI FJ FK FL FM FN FO FP FQ FR FS FT FU FV FW FX FY FZ GA GB GC GD GE GF GG GH GI GJ GK GL GM GN GO GP GQ GR GS GT GU GV GW GX GY GZ HA HB HC HD HE HF HG HH HI HJ HK HL HM HN HO HP HQ HS HT HU HV HW HX HY HZ IA IB IC ID IE IF IG IH II IJ IK IL IM IN IO IP IQ IR IS IT IU IV IW IX IY IZ JA JB JC JD JE JF JG JH JI JJ JK JL JM JN JO JP JQ JR JS JT JU JV JW JX JY JZ KA KB KC KD KE KF KG KH KI KJ KL KM KN KO KP KQ KR KS KT KU KV KW KX KY KZ LA LB LC LD LE LF LG LH LI LJ LK LM LN LO LP LQ LR LS LT LU LV LW LX LY LZ MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH MI MJ MK ML MN MO MP MQ MR MS MT MU MV MW MX MY MZ NA NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NI NJ NK NL NO NP NQ NR NS NT NU NV NW NX NY NZ OA OB OC OD OE OF OG OH OI OJ OK OL OM ON OO OP OQ OR OS OT OU OV OW OX OY OZ PA PB PC PD PE PF PG PH PI PJ PK PL PM PN PO PP PQ PR PS PT PU PV PW PX PY PZ QA QB QC QD QE QF QG QH QI QJ QK QL QM QN QO QP QQ QR QS QT QU QV QW QX QY QZ RA RB RC RD RE RF RG RH RI RJ RK RL RM RN RO RP RQ RR RS RT RU RV RW RX RY RZ SA SB SC SD SE SF SG SH SI SJ SK SL SM SN SO SP SQ SR SS ST SU SV SW SX SY SZ TA TB TC TD TE TF TG TH TI TJ TK TL TM TN TO TP TQ TR TS TT TU TV TW TX TY TZ UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH UI UJ UK UL UM UN UO UP UQ UR US UT UU UV UW UX UY UZ VA VB VC VD VE VF VG VH VI VJ VK VL VM VN VO VP VQ VR VS VT VU VV VW VX VY VZ WA WB WC WD WE WF WG WH WI WJ WK WL WM WN WO WP WQ WR WS WT WU WV WW WX WY WZ XA XB XC XD XE XF XG XH XI XJ XK XL XM XN XO XP XQ XR XS XT XU XV XW XX XY XZ YA YB YC YD YE YF YG YH YI YJ YK YL YM YN YO YP YQ YR YS YT YU YV YW YX YZ ZA ZB ZC ZD ZE ZF ZG ZH ZI ZJ ZK ZL ZM ZN ZO ZP ZQ ZR ZS ZT ZU ZV ZW ZX ZY ZZ

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

Ca

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Rapid colorimetric method for the determination of phosphorus in metals by the presence of arsenic. V. D. Koshin. *Zavodskaya Lab.* 8, 322-4 (1959); *Chem. Zvest.* 1960, 11, 1907.—Dissolve 1 g. sample of steel in 20 ml. of 6 N HNO₃ and boil to remove N oxides. Oxidize the soln. with 4% KMnO₄ soln. until MnO₂ ppts., then reduce with 10% NaNO₂, cool and transfer to a graduated cylinder. After adding 10 ml. of (NH₄)₂VO₅ soln. (3 g. (NH₄)₂VO₅ dissolved in 500 cc. boiling water, addn. of 25 cc. HNO₃ (d. 1.20) and diln. to 1 l.) and 10 cc. ammonium molybdate soln. (50 g. (NH₄)₂MoO₄ · 4 H₂O dissolved in 500 cc. hot water), make up to a definite vol., and det. the P colorimetrically by comparison with a standard soln. prepd. in the same manner from a steel of known P content.

M. G. Moore

ABB-31A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52

KONKIN, V. J.

Dissertation: "Photocolorimetric Determination of Aluminum in Carbon and Alloyed Steels and Cast Irons." Cand Chem Sci, Khar'kov State University, Khar'kov, 1954 (Referativnyy Zhurnal-Kulmiya, No 12, Moscow, Jun 54)

SO: SUM 318, 23 Dec 1954